SEE

ALSO

OLLOWING

COP

WHEN INDICATIONS.

OUTERWEAR,

HATS.

These things are going at cut prices, and

saving to thousands a margin of 20 per cent.

"HATS OFF," WAY OFF.

A 50 cent White Straw Hat, for 24 cents.

Choice of Schimiles Mackinaw, formerly

Stiff Hats, former price \$2.50 to \$4, go now

THE GREATEST SALE, THE

BIGGEST CROWDS AT

TROUBLE FOR TARIFF REFORMERS.

The Estimated Expenditures of the Govern-

ment Will Approximate the Receipts.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18 .- It is hinted about

the Capitol to-day that some statistics have been

collected which have already given rise

to much uneasiness among tariff re-

formers and are calculated to create

a sensation if officially published. It is

said these statistics will show that the revenues

of the government for the current year will ex-

ceed the expenditures contemplated by the vari-

ous bills making appropriations, by not more

than \$13,000,000. As neveral of the

bills carrying large appropriations, al-

though passed by the House, have not yet

got beyond its control, it is said to be possi-

ble, now that attention has been drawn to the

matter, that they will be heavily cut, or allowed

to die without becoming laws in order to reduce

the prospective large expend itures to figures ap-

proaching what had been accepted at the begin-

Indiana Pensions.

Pensions have been granted the following-

Etna; Oliver Gaines, Landess; Caswell Morrison

Groomsville; Marion Remsen, Sheridan; Jeffer-

son R. Martin, Farmland; Daniel Jones, Poneto,

Godfrey Satisen, Hamilton; Columbus Mc

David Denton, Milltown; David Replogle, Bur-

rows; Jas. M. Campbell, New Albany; Jas. M. Savage, South Bend James Kincaid, Vevay; John J. Williams, Spencer: Jonathan F. Moore-

head, Bluffton; John Kelley, Terre Haute; John R. Harris, Noblesville; Medney E. Tardy, Vevay; Hen Gaunt, Pennville; Jas. W. Atkisson,

Hillisburg; Reuben V. Cole, Clay City; John D.

R. Spainhower, Bleomfield; Robert Kelso, Ray;

General Notes.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18 .- By direction of the

Secretary of War, and to complete the record

the discharge of Second Lieut. William F. F.

effect March 15, 1864; he is mustered into service

as First Lieutenant, same company and regi-

ment, to date March 16, 1864; mustered out and

honorably discharged as First Lieutenant Nov. 10, 1864, and he is mustered for pay in said grade during the period embraced between the

Secretary Endicott left the city last night for

Salem, Mass. He will be gone about two

weeks, and General Macfeely will act in his ab-

Colonel Lamont said, last night, that there

was not a particle of foundation for the pub-

lished statements to the effect that Mr. Brice

was to retire from the chairmanship of the Dem-

ocratic national committee at the request of

Tipton County Fair.

TIPTON, Aug. 18,-The Tipton county fair

closed here yesterday. The displays were very

large, and horsemen from all parts of the State

were here. The crowds were not so large as

grounds yesterday evening by unknown parties, and no clew can be obtained concerning them.

They were the property of Mr. Foster, of this

Gasoline Victims.

Greencastle Thieves Arrested in Illinois.

MARSHALL, Ill., Aug. 18.-Four tramps ar

Game at Pendleton.

Old Settlers' Reunion,

PERU, Ind., Aug. 18 .- The old settlers' meet

log at Miamitown, to-day, comprising Miami,

Cass and Howard counties, was the largest ever

known in this region. Addresses were made by

Hon. John Farrar, of Peru: Rev. McDade, of

Killed by a Fall,

CATLIN, Itl., Aug. 18 .- Charles Waterstreet

a section foreman on the Chicago & Eastern

Illinois railway, fell from Stoney-creek bridge

yesterday morning receiving injuries from which

he died in a few hours. He leaves a wife and

Special to the Indianapolis Journay.

Wm. Allen, Milan.

aforesaid dates.

President Cleveland.

Special to the Indiscapolis Journal.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

day and is slowly recovering.

morrow with an officer.

Special to the Indianapolis Journas.

special to the Indianapolis Journes.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal .

Stinesville; Jeremiah Larouche, Jacob D. Boles; Blooming-

Walter S. Haywood, Muncie;

nig of the session as fair es imates.

named Indianians:

ON THE THINGS THEY NEED NOW!

Couldn't quote to per cent.

A Linen Duck Cap for a man, one dime.

A boy's Campaign Cap, dime and a half.

A Fancy Stram Hat, 49 cents.

\$2 and \$2,50, for \$1.

tor \$1.50 to \$2.50.

as the season grows older.

UNDERWEAR,

SUNDAY-Fair weather; slightly Warmer.

IN ALL DEPARTMENTS OF THE

MODEL

Our great cut-price sales during the last few weeks are having the desired effect. Our stock of spring and summerweight goods is rapidly dwindling away. The prices we make this week will make a big hole in what is left.

MEN'S PANTS.

This week only we shall offer choice of our finest Tailor-Made Men's - Pants-regular and extra size, extra longs and stouts for



These Pants are equal to anything you can have made to order at from \$10 to \$15. Be sure to see fall. them.

STRAW HATS.

This week only take your choice of any men's or boys' Straw Hat in our house for the nominal price

50C

Cantons, Milans, Shausis, Mackinaws all go at this price.

BOYS' PANTS.

This week only we snall offer 1,200 boys' All-Wool Cassimere, Cheviot, Flannel and Corduroy Knee Pante, ages 4 to 14, for

These are what are left of our regular \$1, \$1.25 and \$1.50 Knee Pants. Most of them are heavy enough to be worn all through the

TUESDAY ONLY

We shall offer fifty dozen un-laundered

WHITE SHIRTS,

Linen bosom, reinforced, Dwight Anchor muslin, sizes 14½ to 16½, for

37c

Not more than three Shirts sold to any one person.

ROTHSCHILD, HAYS & CO., PROPRIETORS.

W. C. WHITEHEAD,

Granite and Marble MONUMENTS, Vaults, Statuary, Etc. NEW, ARTISTIC, PERFECT. First Door East of Postoffice. 75 East Market Street.

OF THE GREAT REMOVAL SALE AT

Sept. 1 I will be in my new room, 27 West Washington Street. I would like to have you all come this last week and look my stock over and see if you can't save something on a pair of Shoes or Boots. I WILL SELL TO YOU CHEAP. Make sure of this fact. I would like to make this last week in the old place a memorable one. COME AND GET A PAIR OF SHOES AT YOUR OWN PRICE. A big stock to select from and all good solid goods. Remember this is the last week you can find me at

41 E. Washington Street.

L. SIERSDORFER

HORSMAN'S ECLIPSE PHOTO OUTFITS

From \$2.50 to \$10.

. Lawn Swings at.....\$7.50 each See-Saws at..... 5.00 each Hammocks at 50c to \$5 Fishing Tackle, Lawn Tennis, Croquets, Base-Ball Supplies, Out-door games of all kinds.

CHARLES MAYER & CO

29 and 31 West Washington Street.

KNIGHT&JILLSON 73 and 77 South Pennsylvania Street.

NATURAL GAS LINE PIPE, DRIVE PIPE, TUBING, CASING, BOILER TUBES, of the manufacture of the Wecarry in stock all sizes, operate four pipe machines, and cut and thread any size, from is inch to 12 names in diameter. FULL LINE DRILLERS' SUPPLIES. Our stock covers the whole range of GAS, STEAM and WATER goods, and our establishment is the acknowledged headquarters.

Tubing, Casing and Pipe, Cordage, Rig Irons, Drilling Tools, Brass Goods, Malleable, Galvanized and Cast-Iron Fittings. Complete line of House-Fittings for Natural Gas.

GEORGE A. RICHARDS,
77 South Illinois Street, Indianapolis, Ind.

TRAVELERS' INDEX.

KANKAKEE Along the line Freemont, Elkhorn & Mission Valley Railroad, is a very fertile, well-watered country. Here is yet to be found government land at \$1.25 and \$2.50 per acre, or subject to free homestead or timber claims. All along this new line of railroad will be found springing up every few miles bright, prosperous, shoving little towns, surrounded by a fertile country. These towns offer fine inducements to laborers, machanics, marchants, and young professions. laborers, mechanics, merchants, and young professional men. The great regions to the West, devoted only to mining and stock raising, afford the finest market for farm products, at the highest prices. Seekers after new homes cannot do better than to go and see this goodly land on the Cheap Excursions of Aug. 21, Sept. 11 and 25. It is 684 miles from the Missouri river to end of track in the Black Hills, Dakota, and every mile of it offers superior inducements. kots, and every mile of it offers superior inducements

SEE OUR SPECIAL RATES.

One-half rate to States and Territories above mentioned Aug. 21, Sept. 11 and 25. Oskaloosa (Ia.) and return, Sept. 3, good for 20, good to return eight days, only...... 16.00 Maxinkuckee and return. Aug. 18 and 25; good to return ten days..... Kankakee and return; charming resort; only .. 4.10 Cincinnati and return, every day, including admission to Exposition, or "Fall of Babylon,"

country of wonders.

FIME CARD.

CINCINNATI DIVISION-SUNDAY TRAINS. Depart...... 3:55am 3:45pm Arrive......11:50am 10:50pm CHICAGO DIVISION.

Arrive......3:25am 10:38am 3:30pm 6:13pm Pullman palace cars, elegant reclining chair cars, and parlor cars between Indianapolis, Chicago and For tickets, sleeping-car accommodations and all information call at Union Depot or Model Ticket Office, corner Washington and Meridian streets.

J. H. MARTIN, Dist. Pass. Agt.

Our low prices and easy terms cannot be duplicated. Pianos and Organs for rent cheaper than any place in the city.

Tuning and Repairing.

ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR.

GERMANY WILL NOT YIELD

FULLER AND FULLER! Emperor William Practically Repeats the Speech He Made at Frankfort. The Great Five-Store Establishment of THE WHEN calls crowds bigger and bigger,

The Grand Reduction Sale. What Germany Has Secured by the Sword She In all departments is what finds such fayor. Will Keep, and This Applies Not Only to France, but to Other European Powers.

> SHIRTS, SOCKS, A Dignified but Very Significant Silence

> > on the Part of the French Press.

An Interesting but Uncertain Outlook in the Politics of the German Empire-The Coming Congress of German Catholics.

TRUCULENT WILLIAM.

He Repeats the Assertions of His Frankfort Fashionable Shape, and Shades of Soft and Speech-Germany Will Yield Nothing.

> [Copyright, 1888, by the New York Associated Press.] BERLIN, Aug. 18.-Emperor William lunched to-day at the headquarters of the First Infantry Guards, and made another energetic speech, in response to a toast to his health, proposed by Colonel Plesson. Although the affair was strictly private, it has transpired that the Emperor's remarks were mainly a repetition of his speech at Frankfort. He said that Germany would keep what she had gained, and also expressed his conviction that the army was able to meet all comers. A semiofficial account says that the Emperor, in giving a toast to the regiment, referred to the training he himself had received in its ranks, and to the services which the regiment had rendered the country in cultivating old Prussia n traditions as an example to the army. The language of Emperor William, although no immemenace, is not to be attributed to his habit of expressing himself bluntly. His speech at Frankfort was premeditated, if not verbally prepared. The Emperor's ire has been excited by the Russian government's permiting or inciting the press to raise the Schleswig-Hoistein question, with the additional contention that the Czar, as the representative of the house of Holstein-Gottorp, claims special rights to support the claims of Denmark. A semi-oficial communication to the Cologne Gazette says: "Schleswig-Holstein can only be separated from Germany by war, with Russia and France as the attacking nations. We take note that from Russian diplomatic sources it is clearly announced that in the event of a successful campaign Denmark would share in the booty and take part in the conflict:"

V. Dill, Edinburg; Joshua T. Harkins, Williamstown; Wm. J. Hicks, Dublin; Samuel Rob-The North German Gazette also complains that the statements regarding the claims of Denerts, Roanoke; Robert Hutchinson, Arlington; Frederick Brinkins, Bedford; David Vance, Mill mark should first appear in the Nord, a paper which is at the disposal of the Russian govern-Grove; Jonathan Crawford, New Salisbury; Jos. Schwartz, Indianapolis: Philip W. Moore, Lafayette, Hans Boonholdt, Valparaiso; Jas. W. Bell, Mount Vernon; John H. Alexander, Clifty; Eli ment in the direction of the quest in which the officials of the Russian Foreign Office are en-P. Carroll, Deer Village; Chas. Hooker, Mount

The tone of the semi-official press on this occasion does not fully express the anger felt in the highest circles toward the wanton revival of a buried question. The Emperor's allusions to the achievements of Prince Frederick Charles pointed to more than his French victories. The Prince distinguished himself in the Schleswig-Holstein war of 1848 and the Danish war of 1864. Blunt and impromptu as the Emperor

The press concurs in regretting the futility of Hinkle, Cornettsville; Warner Wilhite, Craw-fordsville; Henry Schafer, New Harmony; Dathe Peterhof and Copenhagen visits. It says vid Weaver, Union City; Chas. M. Moore, La-fayette; Nancy M. Galloway, Noblesville; Ma-linda J. Cockriel, Germryville. that, within four weeks after the interview between the Czar and Emperor William, the tension of the situation threatens Europe more

William's language seemed, it struck effectively

Increased-Hartwell Pate, Hitchcock's Sta-tion; Elkanah Ball, Milton; Henry C. March, Muncle; Robert W. Reed, Jeffersonville; David Herr Von Bætticher's return to office is the natural sequence of the death of the Emperor Frederick. Prince Bismarck was opposed to Frederick's desire to oust him. The Emperor, besides having a strong personal regard for Herr Von Bætticher, supported him during the crisis which ended with his resignation, and has taken the first opportunity to reinstate him in office as Evans, Company G. Thirty-eighth Infantry Vice-president of the Russian Ministry. Volunteers, Nov. 10, 1864, is amended to take

The Feeling in France.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. London, Aug. 18 .- Public feeling in France over the speech delivered by Emperor William at Frankfort is developing rapidly, though officially there has been no sign made as yet. The more important of the French newspapers observe a dignified silence, which is unusual with them in such circumstances, but a few of the smaller ones are rabid in their denunciation of the speech. The very silence of the great papers is regarded as significant of the intensity of the feeling created, and their restraint under the provocation furnished by the head of the German government is commended on all sides and accepted as evidence that France will not allow herself to be drawn into a quarrel with Germany at the present moment, but will bide her time. It is now asserted by apologists for the Emperor, who have become alarmed at the excitement his speech has created, that the they were last year, but the company will pay out in full and have a small margin left. A pair of valuable chickens was stolen from the the Boulangists. This may be true, but the warning has certainly resulted in alarming the whole of Europe.

GERMAN POLITICS.

The Situation Is Full of Interest, but It Is Not Possible to Predict Results.

COLFAX, Ind., Aug. 18 .- At the close of a [Copyright, 1888, by the New York Associated Press. street show, this evening, a can of coal oil was BERLIN, Aug. 18 .- Prince Bismarck had with upset, setting fire to the clothing of a little him during the week at Friedrichsruhe Herr von daughter of F. M. Goldsberry. In extinguish-Herrfurth, the new Minister of the Interior, and ing the flames W. N. Clift, Chauncey Goldsberry and others were severely burned. The little one was saved with a few slight bruises. the National leader, Herr von Bennigsen, whose visit is associated with the pear elections for Alvan Clark was a victim of gasoline on Thursmembers of the Landtag. Only once before has Herr Bennigsen obtained the rare honor of being a guest of Prince Bismarck, and that was at Varzin, in 1878, when negotiations were proceeding for the representation of the Nationals in rested this morning by the city marshal proved, the Ministry. The growing confidence of on investigation, to be the men wanted in the Nationals in the result of the Greencastle, Ind., for burglarizing the general election leads to the expectancy that Herr von store of John Riley, on the night of Aug. 8, Bennigsen will obtain office. The recent rethey securing a large amount of goods. The, ports of new combinations under which the Namen tally exactly with the description sent here of the burglars. Mr. Riley will come over totionals, feeling their own strength sufficient, would rupture their alliance with the Conservatives, are replaced by semi-official statements that the cartel will be maintained in full. This change of front, coincident with the Bennizsen-PENDLETON, Aug. 18 .- The home club defeated the Kellehers, of Indianapolis, before a Bismarck interview, is a plain declaration that Prince Bismarck does not see any way to dislarge crowd. Score: Kellehers, 1; Pendleton, 3. Errors-Kellehers, 4; Pendleten, 4. Base pense with the existing coalition of government hits-Kellehers, 3: Pendleton, 6. Struck out-By Rogers, 12; by Moore, 9. Batteries-Kelle-hers, Moore and Doffer; Pendleton, Rogers and

The North German Gazette, which has hitherto supported the Nationals, is taking an independent attitude, and having changed its tone, advocates the continuance of the cartel, but warns the Conservatives against agitating, in conjunction with the Clericals, on the question of increased grants to the schools, with increased privileges to the clergy for controlling them. The Kreuz Zeitung attributes this change to the influence of the Emperor, whose sympathies with the Conservatives remain strong. As long as the maintenance of the cartel remained uncertain, the overtures of Kokomo, and others. Six thousand people were the National-Liberals to the Progressists for concerted action with Richter and other leaders of the Progressists were declined. Richter declared that the party would not be mixed up in electoral intrigues, but would act upon the basis of its well-known principles, believing that it would thereby best preserve both its interests and its honor. The irreconcilable attitude of the Progressists, at the same time, checked the approaches of the leaders of the Center, who, lie so while conquetting with the ultra-Conservatives, able.

were throwing out feelers to the Progressists. The sum of the position is that the elections will proceed upon the same basis as the last election. The National-Liberals will be slightly strengthened, but practically the bal-ance of the parties will remain unchanged.

Herr Liebknecht's return to the Reichstag from the Sixth district of Beriin is fully assured. The efforts of the government agents to obtain a candidate supported by a coalition vote of the National-Liberals and Progressists are increasing, but their chances of success are slight. The Socialists are hopeful of an increase of 3,000 votes. The anti-Semitics promote the candidature of s man with Christian Socialistic views. The election will be watched with intense interest everywhere, as a test of the growth or decline of socialism.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS. Topics To Be Discussed by a Coming Con-

gress of German Catholics. BERLIN, Aug. 18 .- A convress of German Catholics will meet at Gribourg, in Breisgau, in September. The two leading questions to be discussed are religious orders and the regime of the schools. Dr. Windthorst is still in feeble health, but he promises to animate the proceedings of the congress by his presence. His utterances, in view of the Landtag elections, will be tantamount to declaration of the platform of his party, and will disclose what tactics they are likely to follow. Seeing the isolation of the Clericals, under renewal of the National-Liberal-Conservative alliance, the leaders of the party are now more in touch with the Vatican. The Pope's letter will be read to the congress. In it he con-

and Berlin will find frank voice in the congress. Foreign Notes. Petroleum in abundance has been discovered

near Gelatz, Roumania. A military conspiracy has been discovered at Madrid. A calvary officer and several sergeants and privates have been arrested. A strict watch is being kept upon suspected men in the garrisons at Saragossa and Lerida.

gratulates the Contrists upon maintaining the

rights of the church, and shows that the Vatican

is glad the Centrists did not accept Prince Bis-

marck's promise on the eve of the septenate

struggle, implicitly, as the Pope then desired.

The growing discontent between the Vatican

Dr. Mackenzie's book will be issued during | the attempt of Senator Vest to explode burnt the latter part of October. The volume will contain less than a hundred pages. The Queen and the Empress Frederick stipulate to correct the proofs and cut out all objectionable matter. The forage stores of the French government

at Toulon have been set on fire and partially burned. The fact of this fire coming so soon after the burning of the forest adjacent to the stores has given rise to a suspicion that the fires were caused by Italian incendiaries whose aim was to destroy the powder magazine. The recent visit of the Duke of Nassau to the

King of the Netherlands resulted in an agree-ment of betrothal between Princess Wilhelmine and the hereditary Prince of Nassau. The marriage, which will take place when the princess reaches mature age, is designed to keep Holland and Luxemburg united with the Nassau heirs of Luxemburg. Jake Kilrain received a tremendous ovation at

Liverpool on the occasion of his departure for America, to-day, and hundreds of his admirers accompanied the steamer down the Mersey on a special tug. Kilrain, in a farewell speech, de-clared that he had never expected such handsome treatment in England as he had received. He had made more money than he had ever dreamed of making when he started from Americs, and would always keep a warm corner in his heart for the English whose kindness he could never forget.

Dr. Schweinfurth appealed to the East African Association to assist in sending an expedi-tion for the relief of Emin Bey. He promises certain success for the expedition, and says it will open to Germany the command of the trade of the Soudan. Dr. Schweinfurth wahts 500,000 marks, and that amount will probably be obtained by public subscription. The German Emperor favors and will protect such an expedition. He has sent to the committee organizing the expedition an expression of the warmest sympathy with the enterprise.

GREAT STORM IN CANADA.

Many People Killed by Lightning, and Crops and Property Seriously Damaged.

CHICAGO, Aug. 18 .- A dispatch from Montreal

regarding the great storm briefly mentioned in last night's dispatches, says: "A thunder-storm that passed over eastern Ontario and the whole of Quebec, Thursday and yesterday, was the most terrific ever known here. Hundreds of houses and barns have been burned and blown down. Crops are in many places entirely destroyed. Horses and cattle by the hundred have been killed, and many people are lost Reports are just beginning to come in from the surrounding country, and the list of people killed is rapidly increasing. At a small village called St. Louis de Gonzague, Captain Louis Sauve, his wife, son and daughter were sitting in their kitchen, when several bolts of lightning struck the house at the same time. building seemed to collapse, then caught fire. The flood of rain extinguished the fire, and those villagers who were not panic-stricken dragged the family from the debris, but it was found that, while none had even been cut by the fall-ing house, the whole family had been struck by lightning. Father, wife and son were instantly killed. The daughter cannot live. A laborer, hose name is unknown, employed on Sauve farm, was also killed by a bolt that struck the barn half an hour after the house was struck. At St. Ignace, Geo. L. Lorimer was killed by a tree, which had been struck by lightning, falling upon him. In St. Hyacinthe, the son of a hotel proprietor, while closing the window of his room was killed. A report comes from Chaudiere that two lumbermen were swept over the falls while crossing the river. Lightning struck their canoe, and they were swept to death in the raging river. The hotel at Smith's mills was set on fire, and, it is reported, the wife of the proprietor died from

From all over Quebec come reports of houses being set on fire and families left destitute, and in a small place called l' Original, the parish cherch was struck by lightning. The place was full of people at the time, who were praying for protection from the storm. A panic ensued, and many people were seriously injured by being trampled upon. To the superstitions French-Canadian Catholics the storm was frightful The churches were fairly besieged, and priests in many places beld masses at midnight and every hour thereafter during the prevalence of

In this city all the electric lights went out and in the big hotels there were small panics among the guests. The Balmoral Hotel was struck by the electric fluid and a corner of the roof shattered, but the fire was easily extin-guished. The postoffice dome was struck, and the machinery of the four big clocks badly dis-arranged. The electric-lighting company's station was set on fire and badly damaged. Trees were torn up, telegraph poles blown down, and miles of telegraph, telephone, and electric-light wires were entirely burned out by the lightning. It is estimated that the damage done by the storm in this province alone will reach over \$1,500,000. Reports from Valley Field. Beaubarnais county, state that five men have been killed by lightning in that vicinity. Great damage has been done along the St. Louis river. Houses and barns have been burned or swept away, and it is impossible to approximate the

Mutder Growing Out of a Trivial Quarrel. Chicago, Aug. 18 .- An attempt to collect a debt of thirty cents resulted in the death of Bernard Reilly, to night. He owned a small grocery store, and in a transaction Wm. Burns, a worthless character, claimed Reilly owed him the amount mentioned. He appeared with a constable to enforce his demand, when Reilly advanced on him with a cocked revolver. Reilly brother-in-law, Peter F. Salmon, attempted to wrest the weapon from the excited man's grasp, when it exploded, the bullet passing through Reilly's brain, killing him instantly.

Illness of Seth Green.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Aug. 18 -- Seth Green. famous as a sportsman and pisciculturist, is sinking rapidly at his home here. He wrenched his back in an upset last winter, and has been an invalid ever since. Death may come at any

Success results from merit. Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer is placed before the publie solely on its merits. Its success is indisput-

BYNUM ATTACKS HAR.

The Seventh District Congressman A tempts to Fire Off Damp Powder.

He Makes an Assault on Harrison's Chinese Record, Making Use of Copious Exaggerations, Misstatements and Falsehoods.

Stale and Exploded Charges Revamped by the Slanderer of Indianapolis.

The Hon. William D. Owen, of the Tenth District, Replies in a Speech That Brings Congratulations from All Republicans,

Special to the Indianapolis Journal WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.-During considers. tion of the Senate bill to restrict Chinese immigration, in the House, late this afternoon, Mr. Bynum followed the example set by his could erate friend, Mr. Vest, of Missouri, in the Senate this week, and delivered an atta a upon General Harrison with a view to counteracting the exodus of labor votes that is taking place from the Democratic ranks in Indiana. Mr. Bynum insisted upon having a full hour within which to deliver his campaign document, despite the fact that there were scarcely one hunared members present, and there was an almost ucanimous demand for an immediate vote upon the bill. The delay his talk caused defeated adoption of the bill to-day. In general, the character of Mr. Bynum's remarks relating to General Harrison's record on Chinese immigration was a counterpart to, if not an adaptation, of powder. It was a rehashing of weather beaten straw. He had not spoken a d until it became apparent to members on the

Republican side that there was to be an extensive series of misrepresentations and a lot of glittering generalities. Messrs. Dingley, of Maine; Cannon, of Illicois; Bayne, of Pennsylvania, and other Republicans arose at once to correct, seriatim, the exaggerations, misstatements and falsities, as they were uttered, but it was not truth that was wanted on the Democratic side, and Bynum declined to yield. Had he done so, a few words now and then as he progressed, would have been all that was necessary on the part of Republicans to have made his speech not only a tissue of misrepresentation, but ridiculous. It was astonishing the way Bynum persisted in repeating statements the falsity of which has long since been shown to everybody. He reiterated the declaration of Senator Vest, that in 1880, during the campaign for the Legislature which elected General Harrison to the Senate, the General's law partners induced Chinamen at Indianapolis to take out papers of citizenship in order that they could vote for Republican candidates. He also reiterated among other things that before a literary society General Harrison

read a paper in which he took the atrongest possible grounds in favor of unrestricted immigration of Chinese, and their admission to citizenship. Both are unadulterated fabrication The alleged record of General Harrison on Chinese egislation was incomiles credit for nothing said or done in favor of anti-Chinese legislation, when it is well known that in both committee and on the floor of the chamber he did much, by votes and words, to prove

that he favored restriction of immigration of Celestials; but he asked that it be done lawfully, as well as efficiently. Mr. Bynum said one thing he will have to explain to the laboring men in the Indianapolis district. and that was that the laborer wants an open and free market for what he has to buy, as well as for what he has to sell, which means, if it means anything, free trade pure and simple. After laboring to show that the Democratic party has done everything, the Republican party nothing for labor, ringing' the changes on various

misstatements in relation to Gen. Harrison

he sat down. Mr. Bingley occupied about six minutes in dissectior of Bynum's general statement affecting the record of the Republican party, and all the gentleman from the capitol district had said was nil. Bynum held the Republican party responsible for the failure to pass a restriction bill in 1877-80. Mr. Dingly reminded him that both Houses of Congress were in the hands of Damocrate then, and that they refused, point blank, to adopt an anti-Chinese bill presented by Mr. Page, of California, which was one of the best ever offered on the subject; and, further, the Democrats in that Congress refused to caves into effect the provisions of the first tiated to restrict Chinese immigration - f treaty negotiated by a Republican administration.

Mr. Felton, of California, showed how the House committee on toreign relations in the last Congress was organized by Speaker Carlisle to defeat anti-Chinese bills, and how the present chairman, Perry Belmont, of New York, had smothered bills on the subject. The tables were already turned upon Bynum; the record was recorded, and the Democratic) party held responsi-

Mr. McCreary, of Kentucky, a Democratic member of the committee, said that the reason Belmont did not take action on the bills referred to was because a majority of the committeethe Democrats acting on the advice of Secretary Bayard-believed the bills would, if they become laws, contravene existing treaty stipula-Mr. Bayne wanted to know why Democrate.

refused to take General Harrison's explanation of this character as his reason for opposing a bill in the Senate. The Democrats simply hane their heads in shame. Directly, Mr. Owen, of Logansport, arose. H

said that it was a few minutes ago that an first learned that his colleague, Mr. Byoum, intended to deliver a speech for distribution in Indiana and to make an attack upon General Harrison; but Mr. Owen proved himself equal to any energency requiring vigorous extemporaneous speaking. It took him but twenty minutes to completely annihilate every on statement of fact made by Mr. Bynam in a hour, and to throw in a lot of good to besides. Mr. Owen began by stating that bitterest enemy of Gen. Harrison would no cuse him of opposing restriction of migration; he only opposed a violat treaty stipulations. General Har ways, and is now, opposed to to Chinese and in favor of probit of pauper labor with that of An and he was ever opposed to be products of paupers, Chinese and home and abroad, coming to e prison labor. Mr. Owen read a to Messrs. Miller & Elam, stating that the tion made in relation to naturalization of Chinamica at Indian-

apolis in 1888, or at any other time, was false; that such a thing had never been heard of, had never taken place, and that no Chinaman was ever known to vote at Indianapolis. He then proved the Gameral Harrison had de-nied, over his own hams, the madicious state-ment in regard to having sead a paper has fore a literary society harring Chinese in the